

Sharing and using biodiversity data for e-Science

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The Dutch branch of the Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF)



What is GBIF?

The Global Biodiversity Information Facility (GBIF) is an international open data infrastructure, funded by governments.

It allows anyone, anywhere to access data about all types of life on Earth, shared across national boundaries via the Internet.

By encouraging and helping institutions to publish data according to common standards, GBIF enables research not possible before, and informs better decisions to conserve and sustainably use the biological resources of the planet.

GBIF operates through a network of nodes, coordinating the biodiversity information facilities of Participant countries and organizations, collaborating with each other and the Secretariat to share skills, experiences and technical capacity.

GBIF's vision: "A world in which biodiversity information is freely and universally available for science, society and a sustainable future.





History



1999

The purpose of GBIF is to co-ordinate the **standardisation**, **digitisation** and global **dissemination** (within an appropriate property rights framework) of the world's biodiversity data.

Megascience Forum Working Group on Biological Informatics

Ministers acknowledged the importance of such a facility in the areas of health, resource management, environmental protection, agriculture and education



2001

GBIF established and secretariat settled in Copenhagen



2002

Founded by OCW, NWO and UvA

NLBIF

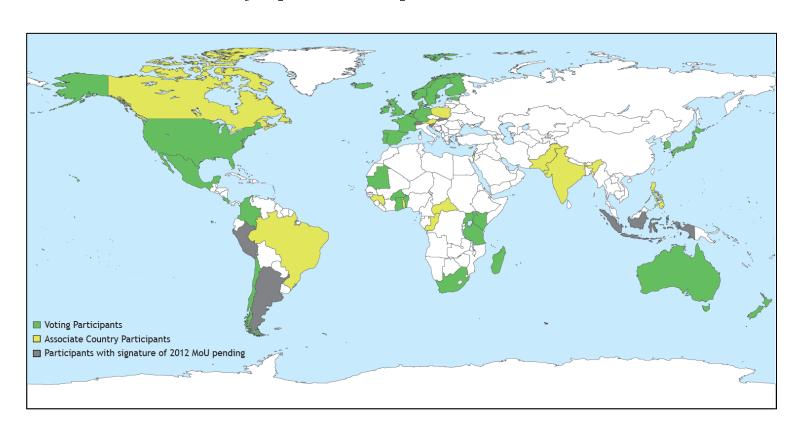
2012

Currently structurally financed by OCW, hosted by UvA

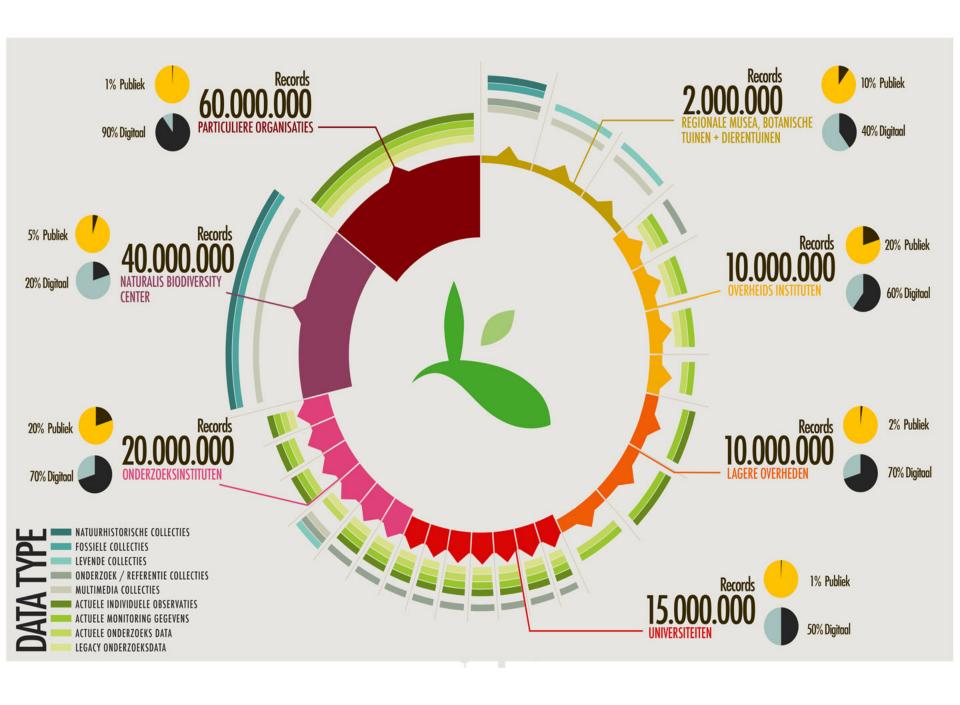




GBIF country participants

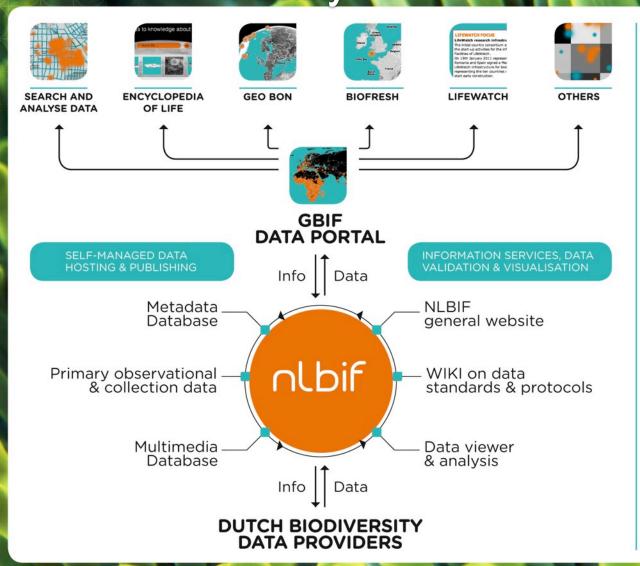








Netherlands Biodiverity Information Facility



GBIF data flow:

presentation

indexing

publishing

registration (+ archiving)

standardisation

data generation



The data:

What is a record in GBIF?

GBIF hosts so called "occurrence data"

Which species of plant / animal / micro-organism was observed / collected from which locality and when?

Taxonomic information

Geographic information

Temporal information



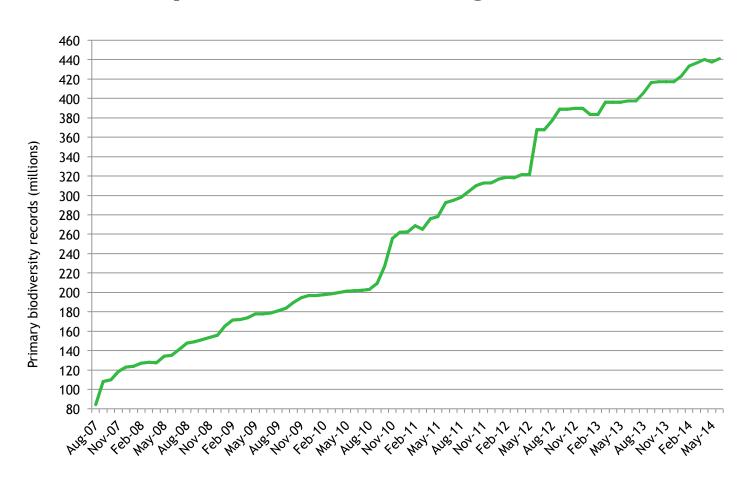


01 May 1971 00:00:00





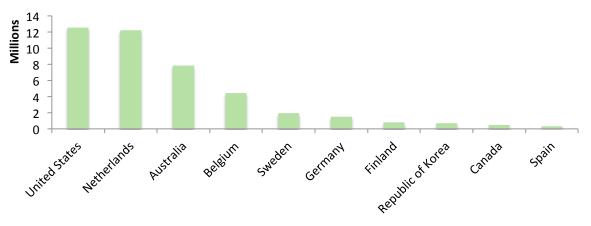
Data published through GBIF







Top 10 Participant Countries—Number of new records published (1 January - 31 May 2014)



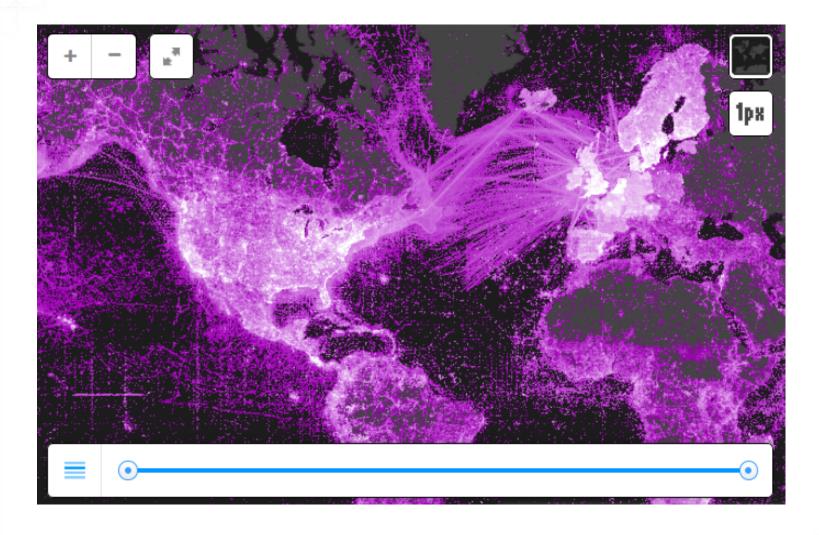
Top 10 Participant Countries—Total number of records published (as of 31 May 2014)

Country		Records published
	United States	159.6
+	Sweden	46.1
	United Kingdom	42.4
*	Australia	32.3
	Netherlands	18.0
	Finland	16.8
	France	16.4
	Germany	13.5
#	Norway	13.0
	Denmark	9.3



PIRE workshop 2014







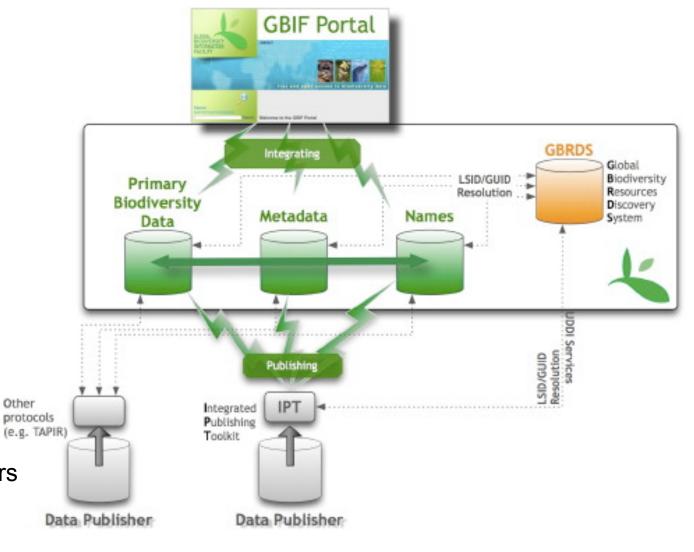


The GBIF infrastructure

Central data portal

Central data index

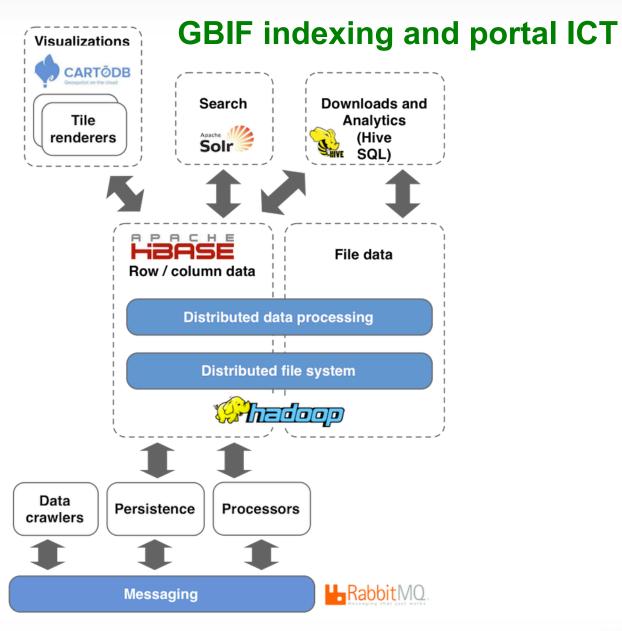
Distributed data publishers





Other







The GBIF data standards (primary data)

Access to Biological Collection Data (ABCD)

- Full coverage approach: ABCD is comprehensive and therefore complex. It explicitly aims to define the semantics of all elements.
- Element groups: nearly 1200 concepts provided
- Metadata embedded

Darwin Core (DwC)

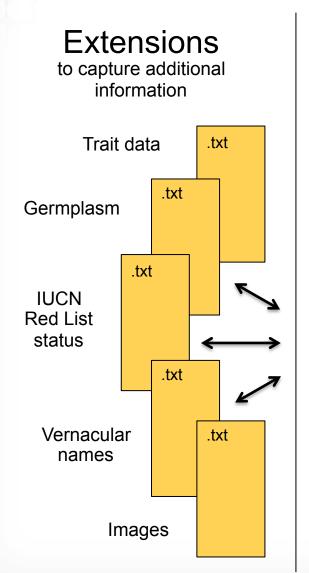
- Body of data standards which function as an extension of Dublin Core for biodiversity informatics
- 9 categories, about 180 terms
- Additional info in data extensions



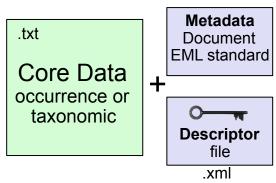


The GBIF data format (DarwinCore-Archives)

.xml

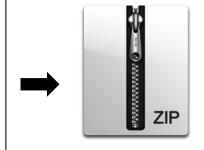


Core Data



DwC – Archive

for standardised data transport



DwC Archive





Example of the core data in GBIF



Occurrence			
CATALOGNUMBER	NMR996800020933		
DISPOSITION	in collection		
INDIVIDUALCOUNT	1		
PREPARATIONS	whole animal		
Event			
DAY	01		
EVENTDATE	1971-05-01		
MONTH	05		
YEAR	1971		
Location			
CONTINENT	Europe		
COUNTRY	Netherlands		
COUNTRYCODE	NL-NB		
DECIMALLATITUDE	51.630592		

GEODETICDATUM	WGS84
GEOREFERENCEDBY	F.J.A. Slieker
LOCALITY	Udenhout, De Brand
MINIMUMELEVATIONINMETERS	10
STATEPROVINCE	Noord-Brabant
Taxon	
CLASS	Insecta
FAMILY	Pieridae
GENUS	Anthocharis
KINGDOM	Animalia
NOMENCLATURALCODE	ICZN
ORDER	Lepidoptera
ORIGINALNAMEUSAGE	Oranjetipje
PHYLUM	Arthropoda
SCIENTIFICNAME	Anthocharis cardamines (Linnaeus, 1758)
SCIENTIFICNAMEAUTHORSHIP	(Linnaeus, 1758)
SPECIFICEPITHET	cardamines



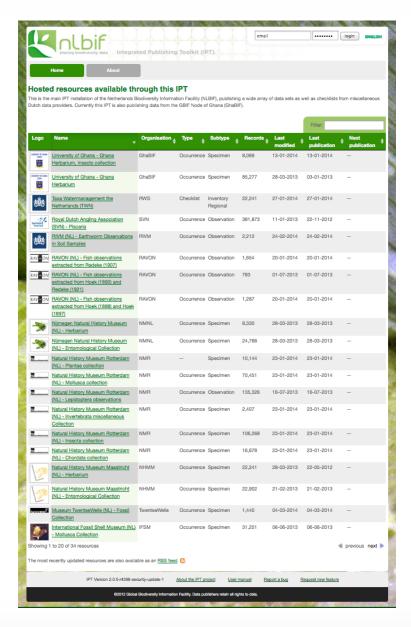
Data publishing in GBIF

A distributed network of "Integrated Data Publishing Toolkits"

Simple, easy to deploy

Primary data + Metadata

Stable url for your DarwinCore Archive





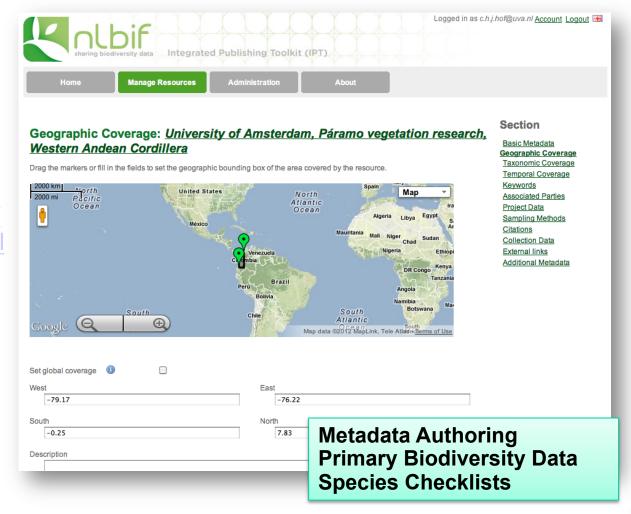


The Tool!

Integrated Publishing Toolkit

See examples at:

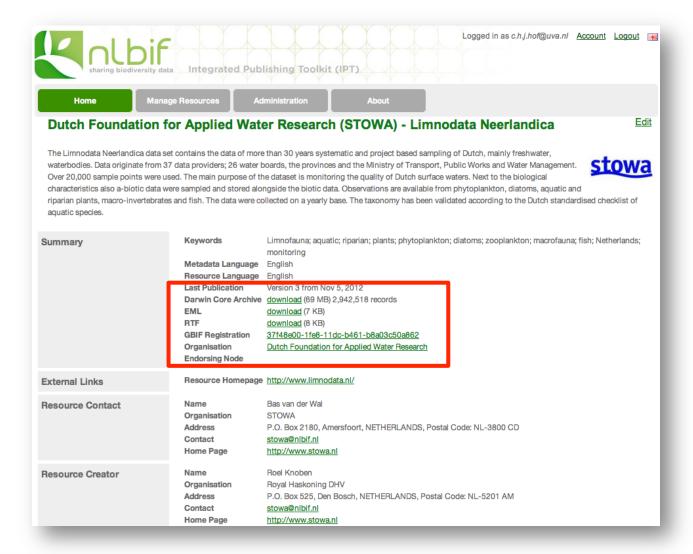
ipt.nlbif.nl http:// www.cgn.ipt.wur.nl/ http://ipt.ibed.uva.nl







The Tool!

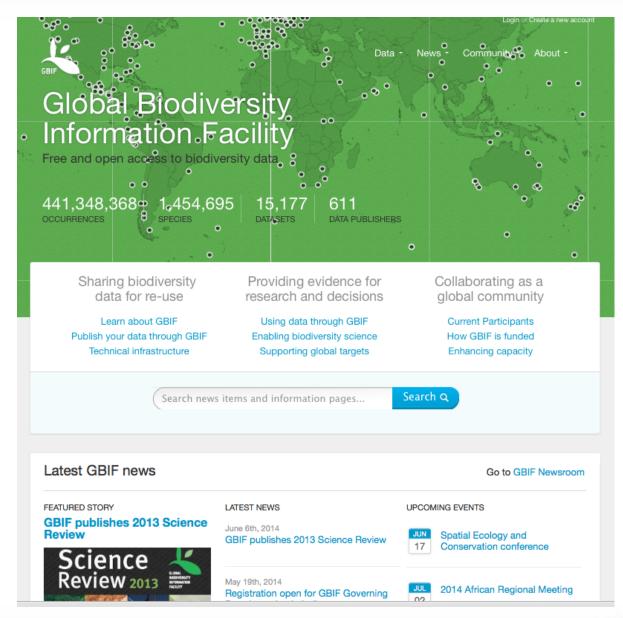






The Portal

http://www.gbif.org







The data in **GBIF**



Data - News - Community - About -

2.942.518 Occurrences

View occurrences

Occurrence dataset published by Dutch Foundation for Applied Water Research

Dutch Foundation for Applied Water R...

Information

Summary

FULL TITLE

Dutch Foundation for Applied Water Research (STOWA) - Limnodata Neerlandica

DESCRIPTION

The Limnodata Neerlandica data set contains the data of more than 30 years systematic and project based sampling of Dutch, mainly freshwater, waterbodies. Data originate from 37 data providers; 26 water boards, the provinces and the Ministry of Transport, Public Works and Water Management. Over 20,000 sample points were used. The main purpose of the dataset is monitoring the quality of Dutch surface waters. Next to the biological characteristics also a-biotic data were sampled and stored alongside the biotic data. Observations are available from phytoplankton, diatoms, aquatic and riparian plants, macro-invertebrates and fish. The data were collected on a yearly base. The taxonomy has been validated according to the Dutch standardised checklist of aquatic species.

PURPOSE

Water management and research.

TEMPORAL COVERAGES

Date range: 1-jan-1980 - 31-dec-2010

LANGUAGE OF DATA

Bas van der Wal

ADMINISTRATIVE CONTACT

METADATA AUTHOR

ORIGINATOR Roel Knoben

Bas van der Wal

PUBLISHED BY

Dutch Foundation for Applied Water Research

PUBLICATION DATE

5-nov-2012

REGISTRATION DATE

4-mei-2010

HOSTED BY

Netherlands Biodiversity Information Facility (NLBIF)

SERVED BY

NLBIF IPT

LINKS

Dataset homepage

ALTERNATIVE IDENTIFIERS

 GBIF Portal ID http://data.gbif.org/datasets/...

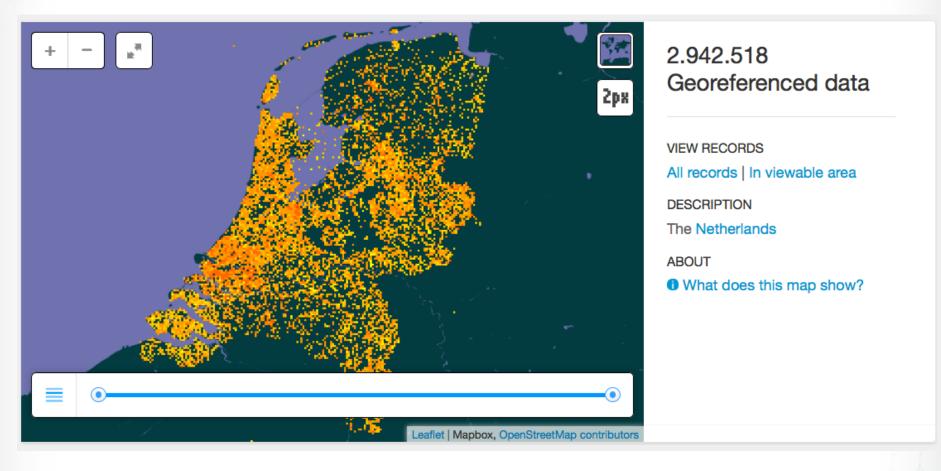
EXTERNAL DATA

Darwin Core Archive





The data in GBIF





The data in **GBIF**



Species in GBIF Backbone Taxonomy

Plantae · Bacillariophyta · Bacillariophyceae · Naviculales · Pinnulariaceae · Pinnularia

612 Occurrences Infraspecies View occurrences

Information

Overview

FULL NAME

Pinnularia gibba Ehrenberg

TAXONOMIC STATUS

Accepted species

ACCORDING TO

The Catalogue of Life, 3rd January 2011

EXTERNAL LINKS

- Encyclopedia of Life
- Catalogue of Life
- Biodiversity Heritage Library

GBIF ID 5268655





Georeferenced data

All 577 | In viewable area

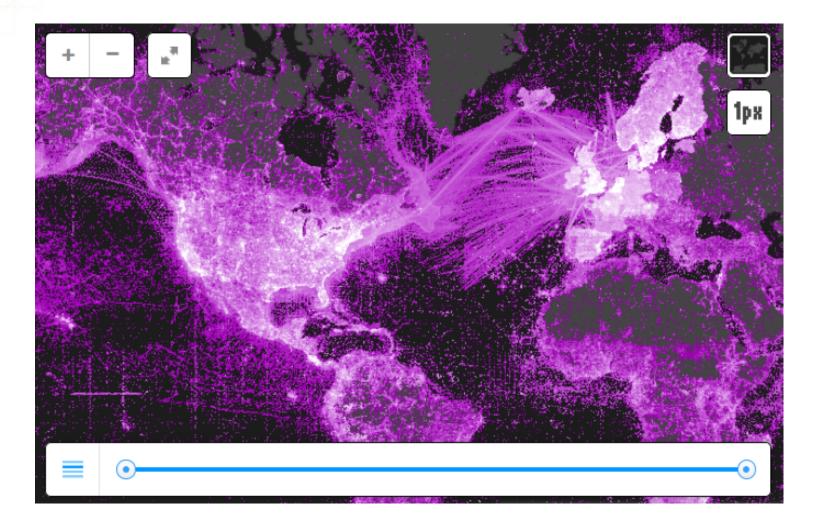
Text based distributions present in

Subordinate taxa

Classification



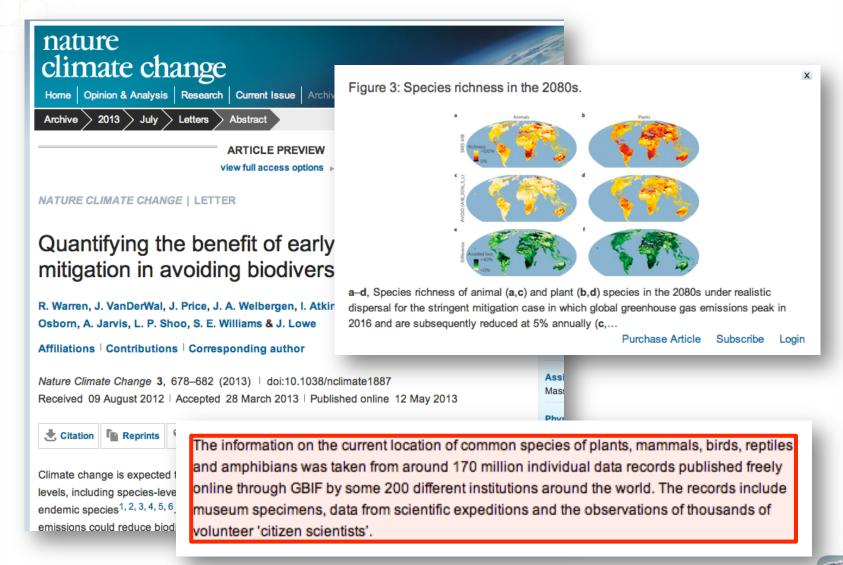








GBIF data use: Recent Papers





The two big questions for GBIF:

To what extend do the data represent the true biodiversity of the world?

- Biases, gaps, disparities, selections, artifacts, etc.etc.
- How to determine the "fit for purpose"

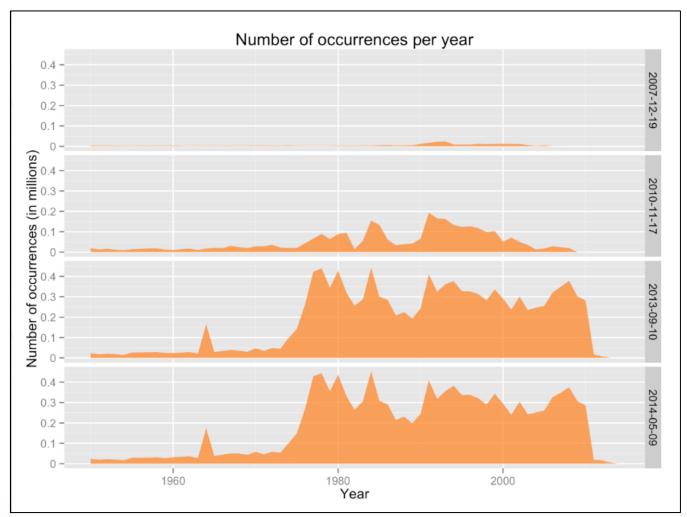
What do the data tell us when combined with other data resources?

- GIS, genetics, habitats, nature conservation, etc. etc.
- Remote sensing, infrastructure, urbanisation, crops, etc. etc.





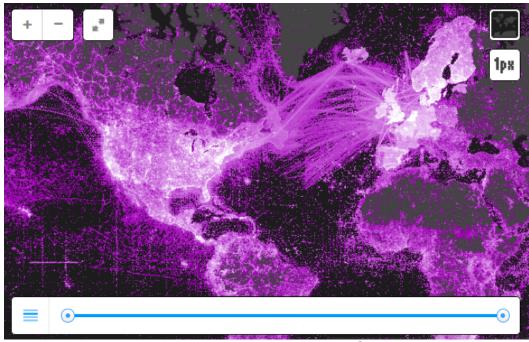
For example; Occurrence records by year of occurrence for the Netherlands







Challenges...



+ 400 million open access biodiversity records in GBIF

Data are being used in scientific publications, but what else is in there?

- Advance data statistics...
- Combining with other info domains (geography, climate, infrastructure, etc.)
- Data streamlining...
- "Fit for purpose" how to meet the needs of data users...





http://www.gbif.org

